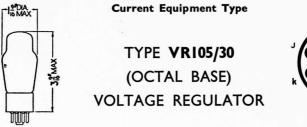
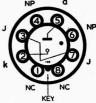
VALVES





The VR105/30 is a cold-cathode, gas-filled, voltage-stabiliser for use in industrial and radio equipment where a stable source of voltage is required. It is equivalent to the U.S.A. OC3 type.

CHARACTERISTICS

| Maximum striking voltage | | 127 volts |
|--|--------|-------------------|
| Minimum applied supply voltage | | 133 volts |
| Maximum stabilising voltage at 40 mA | | 112 volts |
| Minimum stabilising voltage at 5 mA | | 105 volts |
| Nominal stabilising voltage | | 108 volts |
| D.C. operating current | | 5 to 40 mA |
| Maximum peak current (10 seconds max.) | | 100 mA |
| Nominal regulation, 5 to 30 mA | | 1 volt |
| Maximum regulation, 5 to 30 mA | | 2 volts |
| Nominal regulation, 5 to 40 mA | | 1.3 volts |
| Maximum regulation, 5 to 40 mA | | 4 volts |
| Nominal drift in stabilising voltage (100 to 1 000 | hours) | 0.75 volts |
| Temperature coefficient, -20 to $+70^{\circ}$ C | | \pm 5 mV/°C |
| Ambient temperature range | | -55 to +70°C |
| | | |

NOTE

RIMA

With suitable socket connections the internal connection between pins 3 and 7 acts as a switch to open the supply or load circuit when the valve is removed.

Not less than the quoted minimum supply voltage should be provided to ensure starting during life.

Sufficient resistance must always be kept in series with this type to limit the current through the valve to 40 mA under steady state conditions. As stated above during the initial warming up period a maximum current of 100 mA is permissible providing that a period of several minutes duration of operation at normal current follows.

Operation with reversed polarity will damage this valve.

Type VR105/30 is a commercial equivalent to the CV686.