21VAKP22

Color Picture Tube

Ultra-Rectangular
4 X 3 Aspect Ratio

Hi=Lite Matrix Screen Light Neutral Screen Appearance

Electron Guns, Three with Axes Tilted Toward Tube Axis
Heater, of Each Gun Series Connected within Tube with Each of the Other Two Heaters: Current at 6.3 V
Focusing Method Electrostatic
Focus Lens Bipotential
Convergence Method Magnetic
Deflection Method Magnetic
Deflection Angles (Approx.):
Diagonal 92 deg Horizontal 79 deg Vertical 61 deg
Direct Interelectrode Capacitance (Approx.): Grid No.1 of any gun to all other electrodes 7.5 pF Grid No.3 to all other electrodes 6.5 pF All cathodes to all other electrodes 15 pF
Capacitance Between Anode and External Conductive Coating
Optical
Faceplate and Safety Panel Filterglass Light transmission at center (Approx.)
Surface of Safety Panel Treated to minimize specular reflection
Screen
Mechanical U.026 in (0.66 mm)
Minimum Screen Area (Projected) 226 sq in (1458 sq cm)
Bulb Funnel Designation JEDEC No.J561AO6
Bulb Panel Designation JEDEC No.FP177-3/4 W2
Base Designation a Small-Button Diheptar 12-Pin
(JEDEC No.B12-244)
Basing Designation JEDEC No.14BE
Pin Position Alignment Pin No.12 Aligns Approx. with
Anode Bulb Contact

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Operating Position, preferred Anode Bulb Contact on Top Gun Configuration Delta Weight (Approx.)				
Implosion Protection				
Integral Safety Panel JEDEC	No.SP177-1/	4A1		
Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Design-Maximu	ım Values			
Unless otherwise specified, values are for each values are positive with respect to cathode.	gun and vo	Itage		
Anode Voltage	∮ 27,5 max.	kV		
Anode Voltage	20 min.	k۷		
Anode Current, Long-Term Averageb	1000 max.	μ A		
Grid-No.3 (Focusing Electrode) Voltage	6000 max.	V		
Peak-Grid-No.2 Voltage, Including Video Signal Voltage	1000 max.	V		
Grid-No.1 Voltage: Negative bias value Negative operating cutoff value Positive bias value Positive peak value	400 max. 200 max. 0 max. 2 max.	V V V		
Heater Voltage (ac or dc):C				
Under operating conditions	6.9 max.	V V		
Under standby conditions ^d	5.5 max.	V		
Heater-Cathode Voltage: Heater negative with respect to cathode: During equipment warm-up period not exceeding 15 seconds	450 max.	V		
Peak value	200 max.	v		
Heater positive with respect to cathode: DC component value	0 max. 200 max.	V		

Equipment Design Ranges

Unless otherwise specified, values are for each gun and voltage values are positive with respect to cathode

For anode voltages between 20 and 27.5 kV

Grid-No.3 (Focusing Electrode) Voltage 16.8% to 20% of Anode voltage



Grid-No.2 Voltage for Visual Extino of Undeflected Focused Spot			
		In F	igure 3
At Grid No.1 voltage of -75 V			280 V
At Grid No.1 voltage of ~125 \			550 V
At Grid No.1 voltage of -175 \	/	355 to	820 V
Maximum Ratio of Grid-No.2 Volta Lowest Gun in Any Tube (At grid- voltage of -100 V)	No.1 spot cut	toff	. 1.86
Heater Voltage: ^C			
Under operating conditions:			
When standby operation in r	ot utilized		6.3 V
When 5.0-V standby operation	on is utilized ^o	'	6.0 V
Under standby conditionsd			5.0 V
Grid-No.3 Current (Total)			<u>+</u> 15 μΑ
Grid-No.2 Current			±5 μΑ
Grid-No.1 Current			±5 μΑ
	Illum. D	Color	
To Produce White Light of	6550° K +	9300° K	+
, a , , , a , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	7 M.P.C.D.	27 M.P.C.	
CIE Coordinates:	/ WI.P.C.D.	27 W.F.C.	U.
X	0.313	0.281	
Υ	0.329	0.311	
Percentage of total anode currer	nt		
supplied by each gun (average):			
Red	41	30	%
Blue	24	31	%
Green	35	39	%
	39	29	70
Ratio of cathode currents:			
Red/blue:			
Minimum	1.35	0.75	
Typical	1.70	0.95	
Maximum	2.20	1.25	
	2.20	1.20	
Red/green:			
Minimum	0.95	0.60	
Typical	1.15	0.75	
Maximum	1.70	1.10	
Blue/green:			
Minimum	0.50	0.60	
Typical	0.70	0.80	
Maximum	0.95	1.10	
Disabetana Managaria	-40		
Displacements, Measured at Center	or Screen:		
Raster centering displacement:			
Horizontal	± 0.4	45 in (± 11	.4 mm)
Vertical	± 0.4	45 in (± 11	.4 mm)
Lateral distance between the big	ie heam and		
the converged red and green bea		X in 1+ e	4
the converged red and green bea	IIIIS ± U.4	(2 III (1 D	. ~ mm)

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Radial convergence displacement excluding effects of dynamic convergence (each beam)
Maximum Required Correction for Register® (Including Effect of Earth's Magnetic Field when Using Recommended Components) as Measured at the Center of the Screen in any Direction
Typical Operation
Heater Voltage 6.3 V
Anode Voltage
Grid No.3 Voltage Adjusted for focus
Color Temperature 9300° K + 27 M.P.C.D.
Raster Size
Typical White-Light Output Measured within 5 in (127 mm) diameter area centered on tube face:
At anode current of 1000 μ A
Limiting Circuit Values High-Voltage Circuits: Grid-No.3 circuit resistance 7.5 max, MΩ
Low-Voltage Circuits: Effective grid-No.1-to-cathode- circuit resistance (each gun) 0.75 max, MΩ
X-Radiation Characteristic
Maximum Anode Voltage at which the X-radiation emitted will not exceed 0.5 mR/h at an anode current of
300 μA
The X-radiation emitted from this picture tube, as measured in accordance with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the precedure of IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the IEDEC Publication No. 24A with a condense with the IEDEC Publication No. 24A with

cordance with the procedure of JEDEC Publication No.64A will not exceed 0.5 mR/h throughout the useful life of the tube when operated within the Design-Maximum ratings: 27.5 kV anode voltage and 1000 µA anode current. The tube should not be operated beyond its Design-Maximum ratings stated above (such operation may shorten tube life or have other permanent adverse affects on its performance), but its X-radiation will not exceed 0.5 mR/h for anode voltage and current combinations given by the isodose-rate limit characteristics as shown in Figure 1. Operation above the values shown by the curve may result in failure of the television receiver to comply with the Federal Performance Standard for Television Receivers, Sub-Part C of Part 78 of Title 42, Code of Federal Regulations (PL90-602) as published in the Federal Register Vol.34, No. 247, Thursday, December 25, 1969. Maximum X-radiation as a function of anode voltage at 300 µA anode current is shown by the curve in Figure 2. X-radiation at a constant anode voltage varies linearly with anode current.

- The mating socket, including its associated, physically-attached hardware and circuitry, must not weigh more than one pound (one-half kilogram).
- b The short-term average anode current should be limited by circuitry to 1500 microamperes.
- For maximum cathode life, it is recommended that the heater supply be regulated. The series impedance to any chassis connection in the dc biasing circuit for the heater should be between 100 kilohms and 1 megohm. The surge voltage across the heater must be limited to 9.5 volts rms.
- d The use of a 5-volt standby condition in conjunction with 6-volt operating conditions is recommended to improve the reliability of the color picture tube by extending the emission wear-out life and reducing other gun-related defects. A maximum heater voltage of 5.5 volts (Design-Maximum velue) may be maintained on the color picture tube when the receiver is in the "off" (standby) position. All other voltages normally applied to the tube must be removed during standby operation.
- Register is defined as the relative position of the beam trios with respect to the associated phosphor-dot trios.

Notes For Dimensional Outline

- Note 1— With tube neck inserted through flared end of referenceline and neck-funnel-contour gauge (JEDEC No.G162) and with tube seated in gauge, the reference line is determined by the intersection of the plane C-C of the gauge with the glass funnel.
- Note 2— Socket for this base should not be rigidly mounted; it should have flexible leads and be allowed to move freely.

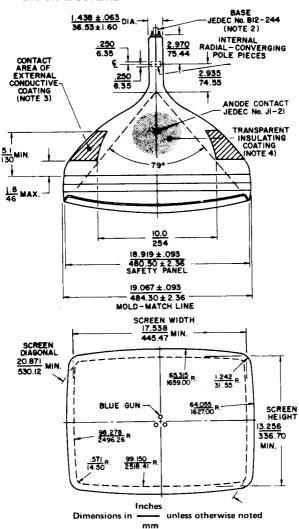
 Bottom circumference of base will fall within a 2-inch (51-mm) circle concentric with blub axis.
- Note 3— The drawing shows the size and location of the contact area of the external conductive coating. The actual area of this coating will be greater than that of the contact area so as to provide the required capacitance. External conductive coating must be grounded with multiple contacts.
- Note 4— To clean this area, wipe only with soft, dry, lintless cloth.

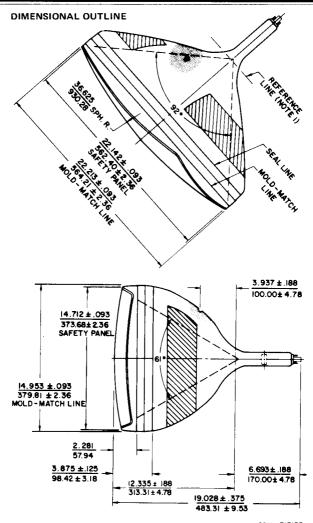
SAGITTAL HEIGHTS AT POINTS $\frac{.125}{3.18}$ BEYOND EDGE OF MIN. SCREEN

DIAGONAL $\frac{1.561}{39.65}$; HORIZONTAL $\frac{1.100}{27.94}$; VERTICAL $\frac{0.630}{16.00}$

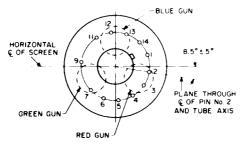


DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE





BOTTOM VIEW OF BASE



9205 12816

Base Specification - JEDEC No.14BE

Pin 1-Heater

Pin 2-Cathode of Red Gun

Pin 3-Grid No.1 of Red Gun

Pin 4- Grid No.2 of Red Gun Pin

5- Grid No.2 of Green Gun Pin 6- Cathode of Green Gun

Pin 7- Grid No.1 of Green Gun

Pin 9— Grid No.3

Pin 11- Cathode of Blue Gun

Pin 12- Grid No.1 of Blue Gun

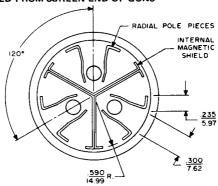
Pin 13- Grid No.2 of Blue Gun

Pin 14- Heater

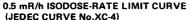
Anode (Grid No.4, Screen, Collector) Cap-

External Conductive Coating

LOCATION OF RADIAL-CONVERGING POLE PIECES VIEWED FROM SCREEN END OF GUNS



92CS - 12835R4



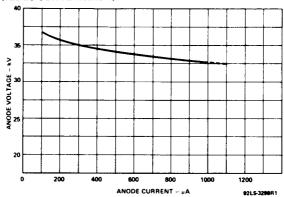


Figure I

X-RADIATION LIMIT CURVE AT A CONSTANT ANODE CURRENT OF 300 μ A (X-RADIATION AT A CONSTANT ANODE VOLTAGE VARIES LINEARLY WITH ANODE CURRENT) (JEDEC CURVE No.XC-3)

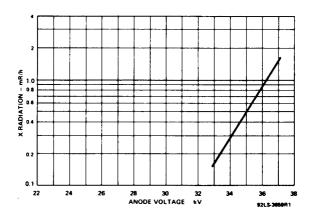
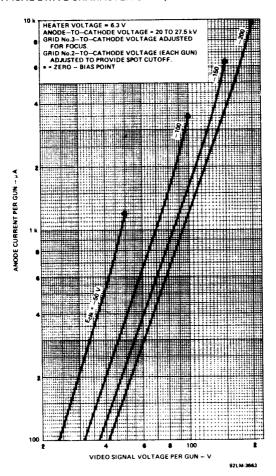
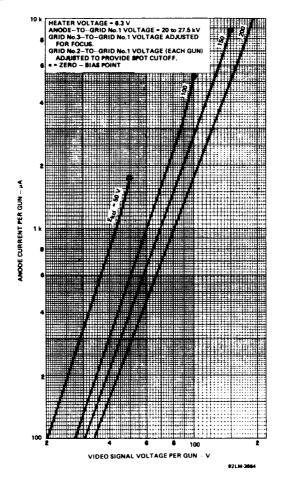


Figure 2

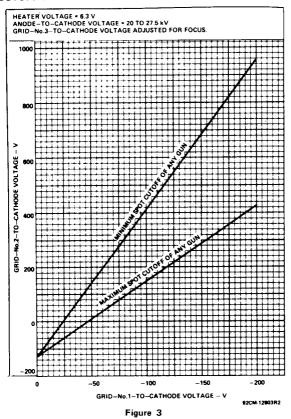
TYPICAL DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS, GRID-DRIVE SERVICE



TYPICAL DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS, CATHODE-DRIVE SERVICE



CUTOFF DESIGN CHART



IMPORTANT: Refer to sheet Safety Precautions For Color Picture Tubes at front of this section.