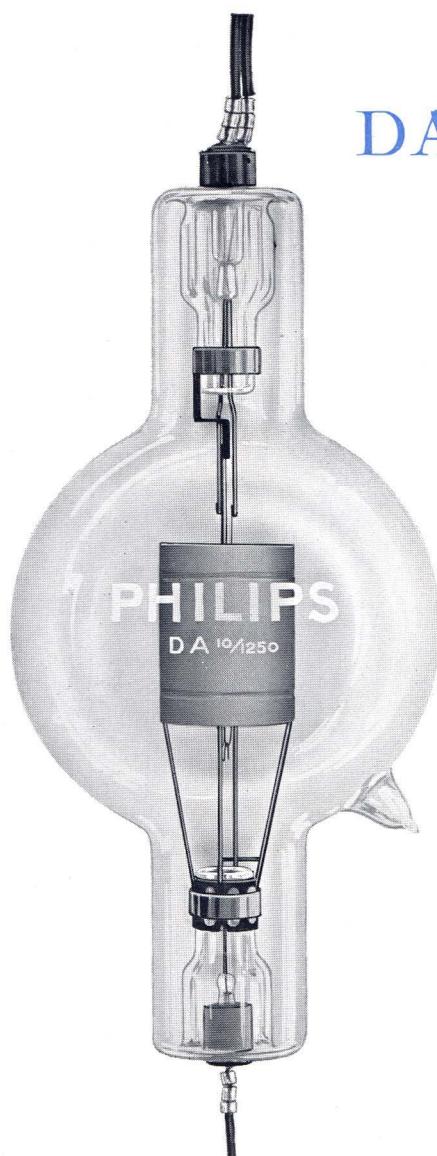


# PHILIPS RECTIFYING VALVE



$\frac{1}{3}$  of actual size

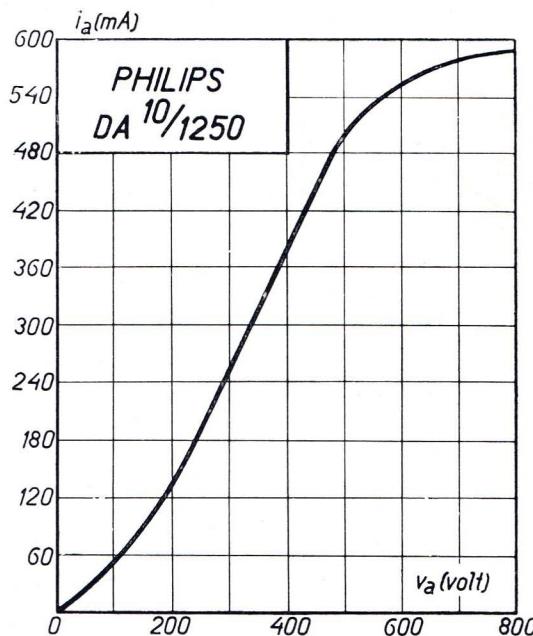
This valve is similar to type TA 10/1250 with the exception that

it has no grid. For the anode current supply of a transmitting valve TA 10/1250 at least two rectifying valves DA 10/1250 are necessary.

The A.C. anode voltage and D.C. voltage can vary from 4000—12000 volts.

# PHILIPS RECTIFYING VALVE

DA 10/1250



Filament voltage . . . . .	$v_f$ = ca. 15 V
Filament current . . . . .	$i_f$ = ca. 9.5 A
Total emission . . . . .	$i_s$ = 600 mA
Anode dissipation . . . . .	$w_a$ = 400 W
Anode dissipation on test . . . . .	$w_{at}$ = 500 W
R.M.S. value of the anode voltage . . . . .	$v_{eff}$ = 4000-12000 V
D.C. voltage . . . . .	$v_a$ = 4000-12000 V
Mean direct current . . . . .	$i_a$ = 125 mA
Output at a D.C. voltage of 10000 V . . . . .	$w_o$ = 1250 W
Saturation voltage . . . . .	$v_s$ = 600 V
Internal resistance . . . . .	$R_i$ = ca. 1000 $\Omega$
Largest diameter . . . . .	$d$ = 170 mm
Total length . . . . .	$l$ = 350 mm