

## TUNG-SOL

## BEAM PENTODE

MINIATURE TYPE

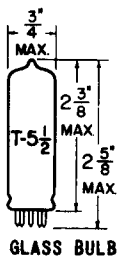
UNIPOENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER

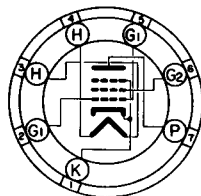
 $35 \pm 10\%$  VOLTS 0.15 AMP.

AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



GLASS BULB



BOTTOM VIEW

MINIATURE BUTTON  
7 PIN BASE

THE 35C5 IS A BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER IN THE MINIATURE CONSTRUCTION. BECAUSE OF ITS HIGH POWER SENSITIVITY AT LOW PLATE-SCREEN VOLTAGE, IT IS PARTICULARLY ADAPTABLE TO AC/DC RECEIVER APPLICATIONS.

**DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES - APPROX.**  
 WITH NO EXTERNAL SHIELD

GRID TO PLATE: (G TO P)	0.60	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
GRID #1 TO CATHODE & GRID #3, GRID #2 & HEATER	12*	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
PLATE TO CATHODE & GRID #3, GRID #2 & HEATER	9*	$\mu\mu\text{f}$

## RATINGS ←

INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN MAXIMUM SYSTEM

HEATER VOLTAGE	$35 \pm 10\%$	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE	200	VOLTS
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE	200 <sup>A</sup>	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE VOLTAGE	150	VOLTS
MAXIMUM GRID #2 VOLTAGE	130	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE DISSIPATION	5.2	WATTS
MAXIMUM GRID #2 DISSIPATION	1.1	WATT
MAXIMUM GRID #1 CIRCUIT RESISTANCE	0.1	MEGOHM
MAXIMUM BULB TEMPERATURE (AT HOTTEST POINT ON BULB SURFACE)	250	°C

## TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

CLASS A<sub>1</sub> AMPLIFIER

HEATER VOLTAGE	$35 \pm 10\%$	VOLTS
HEATER CURRENT	0.45	AMP.
PLATE VOLTAGE	110	VOLTS
GRID #2 VOLTAGE	110	VOLTS
GRID #1 VOLTAGE	-7.5	VOLTS
PEAK AF GRID #1 VOLTAGE	7.5	VOLTS
ZERO-SIGNAL PLATE CURRENT	40	MA.
ZERO-SIGNAL GRID #2 CURRENT (NOMINAL)	3	MA.
MAXIMUM SIGNAL PLATE CURRENT	41	MA.
MAXIMUM SIGNAL GRID #2 CURRENT	7	MA.
TRANSCONDUCTANCE	5 800	MICROMHOS
LOAD RESISTANCE	2 500	OHMS
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION	10	PERCENT
MAXIMUM SIGNAL POWER OUTPUT	1.5	WATTS

<sup>A</sup>DC COMPONENT MUST NOT EXCEED 100 VOLTS.

→ INDICATES A CHANGE.

