

GL-6283

TETRODE



RADIO-FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER CW SERVICE GROUNDED-GRID OPERATION

The GL-6283 is a reliable power tetrode that delivers useful output to 1250 megacycles or higher. This tube is particularly suitable for application in the final output or driver stage of military-communications systems.

As a Class B linear amplifier in the 225-400-megacycle range, the tube will deliver 110 watts of carrier power modulated up to 100 percent. Since a power gain of 20 may be realized, drive requirements are low—approximately 5 watts at carrier level.

FORCED-AIR COOLED METAL AND CERAMIC INTEGRAL RADIATOR

Operating as a Class C CW amplifier at 900 megacycles, the gain is approximately 15 at the 200-watt level.

Features of the GL-6283 include long life and reliability, high gain, high linearity, and resistance to shock and vibration.

These together with such design factors as an oxide-coated cathode, coaxial elements, and metal-ceramic construction make the tube well adapted to application in modern systems where performance and reliability are important.

Electrical				Thermal					
	Minimum	Bogey	Maximu	n	Cooling-Forced Air§				
Heater Voltage*		6.3	6.8	Volts	Through Radiator, at				
Heater Current	_	3.8	_	Amperes,	Sea Level**				
Cathode Heating Time	1			Minutes	Plate Dissipation	500	400	300	Watts
Amplification Factor,					Air Flow, 45 C Incoming Air Tem-				
G_2 to G_1 , $E_b = 1000V$					perature, mini-				
DC; $E_{g}2 = 275V$ DC; $I_{b} = 0.2$ A DC		14	_		mum	17.0	12.0	6.5	Cubic Feet
Peak Cathode Current†			1.75	Amperes			12.0	0.0	per Minute
Direct Interelectrode			1.75	Timpered	Static Pressure, ap-				•
Capacitances					proximate	0.9	0.5	0.2	Inches-
Cathode to Plate‡		0.006	_	$\mu\mu f$					Water
Input, G_2 tied to G_1 .	. —	18.25	_	$\mu\mu f$	Radiator Hub Tem-				
Output, G ₂ tied to G ₁) —	6.4		μμf	perature, at Point Adjacent to Anode				
					Seal			250	C
	Mechai	nical			Seals			250	C
Mounting Position—An	v				Screen-Grid to Con-				
Net Weight, approximat		<i></i> .	1.0	Pounds	trol-Grid, approxi-				
0 / 11					mate	_	_	1	Cubic Feet
					TT				per Minute
					Heater to Cathode,			,	Callin Bank
					approximate	_	_	1	Cubic Feet per Minute
					Ceramic Temperature				per minute
					at Any Point, maxi-				
					mum			200	С

RADIO-FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER—CLASS B LINEAR

Carrier conditions per tube for use with a maximum modulation factor of 1.0

Maximum Ratings			Typical Operation
DC Plate Voltage	2000	Volts	Grounded-Grid Ci
DC Grid-No. 2 Voltage		Volts	DC Plate Volta
DC Plate Current			DC Grid-No. 2
Plate Input	500	Watts	DC Grid-No. 1
Grid-No. 2 Input			Peak RF Plate
Plate Dissipation	500	Watts	Peak RF Grid-I
<u>.</u>			DC Plate Curre

1		
1750	Volts	
250	Volts	
-20	Volts	
1250	Volts	
40	Volts	
0.200	Amperes	
0.020	Amperes	4
0.005	Amperes	
0.010	Amperes	
5	Watts	
110	Watts	
	250 -20 1250 40 0.200 0.020 0.005 0.010 5	1750 Volts 250 Volts -20 Volts 1250 Volts 40 Volts 0.200 Amperes 0.005 Amperes 0.010 Amperes 0.010 Amperes 0.010 Watts



RADIO-FREQUENCY AMPLIFIER-CLASS B TELEVISION SERVICE

Synchronizing-Level Conditions Per Tube Unless Otherwise Specified

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values DC Plate Voltage 1600 Max DC Grid-No. 2 Voltage 320 Max DC Plate Current 0.400 Max Plate Input 600 Max Grid-No. 2 Input 15 Max Plate Dissipation 500 Max Grid-No. 1 Dissipation 2 Max	Volts Amperes Watts Watts Watts Watts Watts	DC Plate Current Synchronizing Level	Amperes Amperes Amperes Amperes Amperes
Typical Operation-—Grounded-Grid Circuit up to 900 Mega	cycles	Pedestal Level	Watts
Bandwidth 6 Megacycles		Power Output, approximate	***
DC Plate Voltage1500	Volts	Synchronizing Level¶	Watts
DC Grid-No. 2 Voltage	Volts	Pedestal Level¶145	Watts
DC Grid-No. 1 Voltage	Volts		
Peak RF Plate Voltage			
Synchronizing Level	Volts		
Pedestal Level	Volts		
Peak RF Driving Voltage			
Synchronizing Level	Volts		
Pedestal Level	Volts		

RADIO-FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIER AND OSCILLATOR-CLASS C TELEGRAPHY

Key-down conditions per tube without amplitude modulation △

	900	400		Typical Operation			
Maximum Ratings	Megacycles	Megacycle	9\$	Grounded-Grid Circuit at 900 Megacy	ycles		
DC Plate Voltage	1600	2000	Volts	DC Plate Voltage	1500	2000	Volts
DC Grid-No. 2 Voltage	320	320	Volts	DC Grid-No. 2 Voltage	210	225	Volts
DC Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-100	-100	Volts	DC Grid-No. 1 Voltage	-40	-40	Volts
DC Plate Current	0.300	0.300	Ampere	DC Plate Current	0.300	0.250	Ampere
DC Grid-No. 1 Current	0.050	0.050	Ampere	DC Grid-No. 2 Current,			_
Plate Input	480	600	Watts	approximate	0.010	0.010	Ampere
Grid-No. 2 Input	15	15	Watts	DC Grid-No. 1 Current,			-
Plate Dissipation	500	500	Watts	approximate	0.020	0.020	Ampere
Grid-No. 1 Dissipation	2	2	Watts	Driving Power, approximate	14	15	Watts
-				Power Output, approximate¶	205	300	Watts

- * Because the temperature of the cathode is increased by back bombardment of electrons at UHF, required heater voltage for optimum life decreases with increasing frequency. The amount of heater-voltage reduction is dependent on operating conditions. However, this voltage should not be less than 5.5 volts.
- Represents maximum usable cathode current (plate current plus current to each grid) for any condition of operation.
- Measured with a 6-inch minimum diameter flat metal disk attached to the screen-grid ring. Control grid connected to the screen
- grid.
 Output capacitances measured between anode and screen grid. Control grid connected directly to screen grid.
- Forced-air cooling to be applied before and during the application of any voltages.
- Provision must be made for unobstructed passage of cooling air between radiator fins and between the anode terminal and adjacent radiator fin.
- ♥Useful power output as measured in output-circuit load.
- ▼ Useful power output as ineasured in output-credit load.

 ¶ Useful power output including power transferred from driver stage. Output circuit efficiency approximately 80 percent.

 ⚠ Modulation essentially negative may be used if the positive peak of the envelope does not exceed 115 percent of the carrier condi-

CONSTANT CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC SCREEN VOLTAGE = 250 VOLTS ALL VOLTAGES REFERENCED TO CONTROL GRID

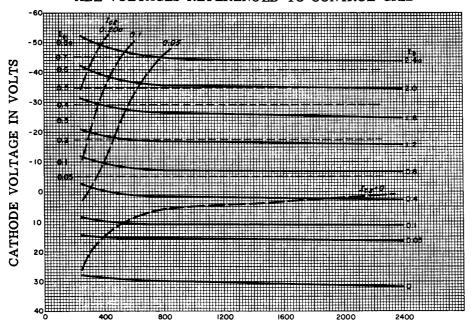


PLATE VOLTAGE IN VOLTS

A69087 - 72B67

1-30-63

CONSTANT CURRENT CHARACTERISTIC SCREEN VOLTAGE = 350 VOLTS ALL VOLTAGES REFERENCED TO CONTROL GRID

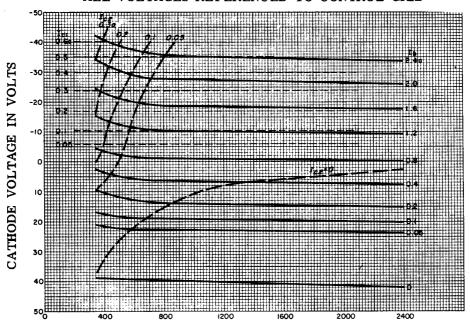
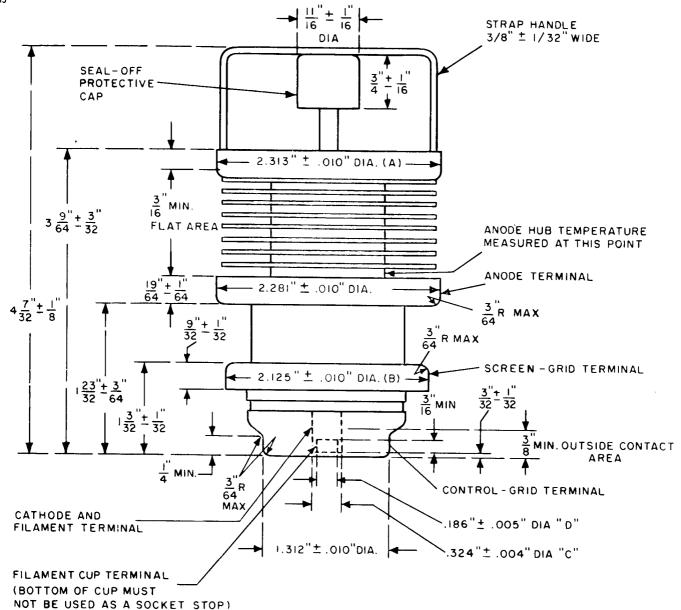


PLATE VOLTAGE IN VOLTS



CONCENTRICITIES

THE FOLLOWING TOTAL INDICATOR READINGS ARE MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO A CENTERLINE DETERMINED BY THE CENTERS OF THE ANODE TERMINAL AND CONTROL GRID TERMINAL

DIAMETER A - 0.030 INCHES DIAMETER B - 0.016 INCHES DIAMETER C - 0.036 INCHES DIAMETER D - 0.042 INCHES

TOTAL INDICATOR READING OF FILAMENT CUP TERMINAL DIAMETER
(D) MEASURED WITH RESPECT TO CENTER OF CATHODE AND FILAMENT TERMINAL DIAMETER (C) - 0.016 INCHES

K-69087-72A578

8-1-62





Owensboro, Kentucky