## RCA-19DSP4

# PAN-O-PLY PICTURE TUBE

RCA-19DSP4 is a black-and-white pan-o-ply picture tube which eliminates the need for either an integral protective window or a separate safety-glass window and its companion dust seal in the receiver. Thereby internal reflections are reduced; consequently, picture contrast is improved. Integral implosion protection in the pan-o-ply picture tube is provided by means of a formed rim band and a welded tension band around the periphery of the tube panel. The 19DSP4 is a rectangular glass picture tube having an aluminized screen with nearly str ight sides and slightly rounded corners.

#### Features of the 19DSP4 include:

- Pan-O-Ply Integral Implosion Protection
- 1140 Magnetic Deflection
- ◆ Low-Voltage Electrostatic Focus
- Aluminized Screen
- Electron Gun Requiring No Ion-Trap Magnet
- 11.875" Max. Overall Length
- 4.375" Neck Length
- 12.000" x 15.187" Screen
- 6.3 Volt/600 Ma Heater
- Low Grid-No.2 Voltage—
   For Cathode-Drive Service
- 20 kv Max. Anode Voltage

## GENERAL DATA

Electrical:									
Focusing Method									
Deflection Method Magnetic									
Deflection Angles (Approx.):									
Diagonal									
Horizontal									
Vertical									
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:									
Cathode to all other electrodes . 5 pf									
Grid No. 1 to all other electrodes. 6 pf									
External conductive coating to anode $\frac{1500 \text{ max.}}{1000 \text{ min.}}$ pf									
to anode <sup>a</sup>									
Heater Current at 6.3 volts 600 ± 30 ma									
Heater Warm-Up Time (Average) 11 seconds									
Heater warm-up time is defined as the time required in the test circuit shown in Fig.1 for the voltage (E) across the heater terminals to increase from zero to 0.8 of rated heater voltage.									
Electron Gun Type Requiring No Ion-Trap Magnet									

#### Optical:

Flootwicels

Phosphor.									P4-	Sul	fid	e 7	Гур	e,	ΑJ	lur	nin	i zed
Faceplate																		
Light t	rai	SI	nis	ssi	i o i	n a	t	Ç	enter	(A <sub>1</sub>	ppro	ox.	).					49%

#### Mechanical:

Overall length.											11	, 625	" ± .250"
Neck length											4	. 375	" ± .125"
Diagonal											18	.732	" ± .100"
Greatest width.											16	. 514	" ± .100"
Greatest height											13	. 473	" ± .100"
Minimum Screen Din	nei	ns:	ioi	ns	(!	Pro	oj (	ec	te	1):			
Diagonal													17.562"
Greatest width.													
Greatest height										٠			12.000"
Area												. 1	72 sq.in.
Bulb Designation.													.J149 F1
Cap Designation .		•						.1	Re	ces	sed (JEI	Sma. DEC i	ll Cavity No.Jl-21)
Base Designation.			Ai	Si	na an	ll. ger	- Ba	ut nt	toi 1				

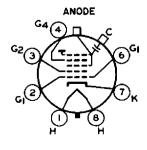
Basing Designation. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8HR

Pin 1: Heater
Pin 2: Grid No.1
Pin 3: Grid No.2
Pin 4: Grid No.4
Pin 6: Grid No.1
Pin 7: Cathode
Pin 8: Heater
Cap: Anode (Grid No.5, So

Tube Dimensions:

Cap: Anode (Grid No.3, Grid No.5, Screen, Collector)

C: External conductive Coating



BOTTOM VIEW

Maximum and Minimum Ratings,	Design-Maximum Values:b
Unless otherwise specij	fied, voltage values

·	,				
Anode Voltage		. <	\$20,000 10.000	max, min.	volts volts
Grid-No.4 Voltage:			( -,		
Positive value			1250	max.	volts
Negative value			400	max,	volts
Grid-No.2 Voltage			[70	max.	volts
Offic-No.2 Voltage		•	<b>1</b> 40	min.	volts
Cathode Voltage:			C		
Negative peak value			2	max.	volts
Negative bias value			0	max.	volts
Positive bias value			100	max.	volts
Positive peak value			150	max.	volts
Heater Voltage <sup>C</sup>			∫6.9	max. min.	volts
measer vortage , , , , , ,	• •	•	5.7	min.	volts
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage	:				
Heater negative with respect to cathode:					
During equipment warm-up					
period not exceeding 15 seconds			450	max.	volts
After equipment warm-up		•	430	max.	V0105
period			300	max.	volts
Heater positive with					
respect to cathode;					
Combined AC & DC voltage	e		200	max.	volts
DC Component. , , .		٠	100	max.	volts
Typical Operating Conditions	for	Ca	thode -Dr	rive <sup>d</sup>	Service:

### ypical Operating Conditions for Cathode -Drive

Unless otherwise specified, voltage values are positive with respect to grid No.1

	CO I C	PUS	00000	w	011	, ,	, د د	νc	U	co grow worr	
Anode	Volt	age								16,000	volts
Grid-	No. 4	Volt	age <sup>e</sup> .							100	volts
Grid-	No. 2	Volt	age .							50	volts
ext	incti	on o	e for f foc Fig.2	use	d					32 to 50	volts
										02 00 00	10100
Field adj	ustab	ole C	lenter:	ing	Ma	gn	et'	٠.	•	0 to 8	gauss

#### Maximum Circuit Natura

Maximum Circuit Value.			
Grid-No.1 Circuit Resis	tance 1	.5 max.	megohms

Includes implosion protection hardware.

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron device of a specified type as defined by its published data, and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.

The device manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the device, taking responsibility for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in device characteristics.

The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no Design-Maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey

device under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, and environmental conditions.

С Measured between the heater terminals.

Cathode drive is the operating condition in which the video signal varies the cathode potential with respect to grid No.1 and the other electrodes.

The grid-No.4 voltage required for optimum focus of any individual tube will have a value anywhere between -100 and +300 volts with the combined grid-No.1 voltage and video-signal voltage adjusted to give an anode current of 200 microamperes on a 13-1/2-inch by 18-inch pattern from an RCA-2F21 monoscope, or equivalent.

Distance from Reference Line for suitable PM centering magnet should not exceed 2-1/4 inches. The specified centering magnet compensates only for the effect which mechanical tube tolerances may have on the to the center of the undeflected, focused spot with respect to the center of the tube face. Maximum field strength of adjustable centering magnet equals

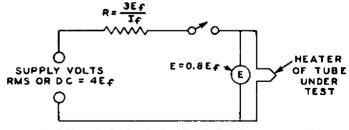
$$\sqrt{\frac{\text{Anode volts}}{16000 \text{ volts}}} \times 8 \text{ gauss}$$

The equipment manufacturer must determine and supply additional compensation for the effects of the earth's magnetic field and extraneous fields due to choice of circuitry and components. The additional compensation should preferably be applied as part of the magnetic field of the deflecting yoke.

#### **OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS**

X-Radiation Warning. When operated at anode voltages up to 16 kilovolts, this picture tube does not produce any harmful X-radiation. However, because the rating of this type permits operation at voltages as high as 20 kilovolts (design-maximum value), shielding of the tube for X-radiation may be needed to protect against possible injury from prolonged exposure at close range whenever the operating conditions involve voltages in excess of 16 kilovolts.

#### TEST CIRCUIT FOR DETERMINING HEATER WARM-UP TIME



Er = RATED HEATER VOLTAGE OF TUBE UNDER TEST. IC = RATED HEATER CURRENT OF TUBE UNDER TEST. 92CS-8503

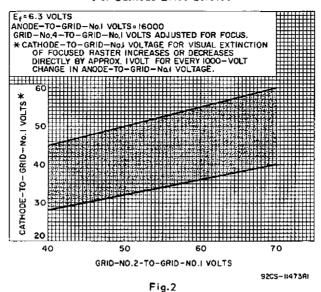
Fig.1

Information furnished by RCA is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by RCA for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of RCA.

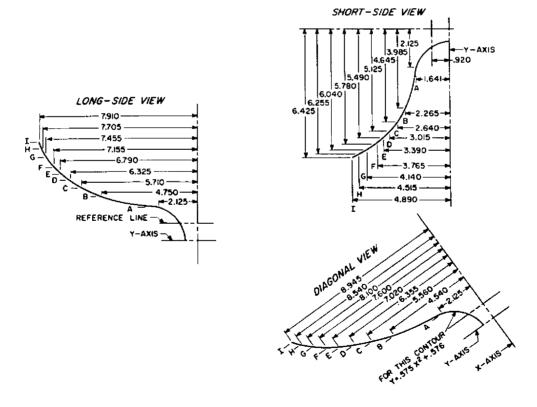
The maximum ratings in the tabulated data are established in accordance with the following definition of the Design-Maximum Rating System for rating electron tubes.

#### RASTER CUTOFF CHART

For Cathode-Drive Service



#### **BULB-CONTOUR DIMENSIONS**

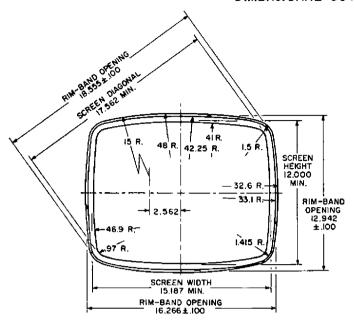


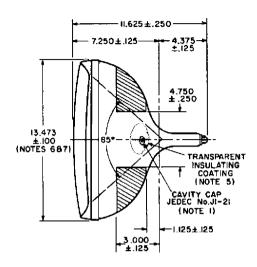
DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

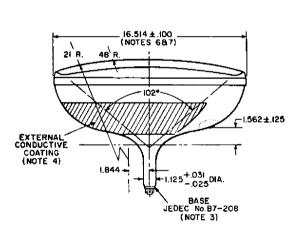
92CM-12294

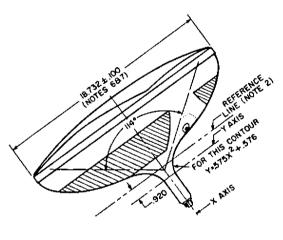
PLANES A THROUGH G ARE NORMAL TO THE TUBE AXIS AND AT FIXED LOCATIONS FROM THE Y AXIS. THESE COORDINATES DESCRIBE THE BOGIE BULB EXTERNAL CONTOUR IN PLANES THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND THE RESPECTIVE FACEPLATE AXES.

#### DIMENSIONAL OUTLINE



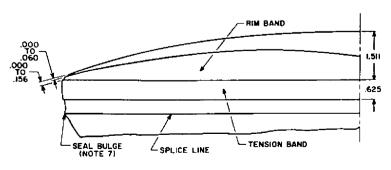






92CL-12315

DETAIL OF PANEL (Diagonal View)



**DIMENSIONS IN INCHES** 

NOTE I: THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND PIN NO.4 MAY VARY FROM THE PLANE THROUGH THE TUBE AXIS AND ANODE TERMINAL BY ANGULAR TOLERANCE (MEASURED ABOUT THE TUBE AXIS) OF ±30°. ANODE TERMINAL IS ON SAME SIDE AS PIN NO.4.

NOTE 2: WITH TUBE NECK INSERTED THROUGH FLARED END OF REFERENCE-LINE GAUGE JEDEC NO. G-126 AND WITH TUBE SEATED IN GAUGE, THE REFERENCE LINE IS DETERMINED BY THE INTERSECTION OF THE PLANE CC' OF THE GAUGE WITH THE GLASS FUNNEL.

NOTE 3: SOCKET FOR THIS BASE SHOULD NOT BE RIGIDLY MOUNTED; IT SHOULD HAVE FLEXIBLE LEADS AND BE ALLOWED TO MOVE FREELY. BOTTOM CIRCUMFERENCE OF BASE WAFER WILL FALL WITHIN A CIRCLE CONCENTRIC WITH BULB AXIS AND HAVING A DIAMETER OF 1-3/4".

NOTE 4: EXTERNAL CONDUCTIVE COATING AND IMPLOSION PROTECTION HARDWARE MUST BE GROUNDED.

NOTE 5: TO CLEAN THIS AREA, WIPE ONLY WITH SOFT DRY LINTLESS CLOTH.

NOTE 6: MEASURED FROM THE TENSION BAND.

NOTE 7: BULGE AT SPLICE-LINE SEAL MAY INCREASE THE INDICATED MAXIMUM VALUE FOR ENVELOPE WIDTH, DIAGONAL, AND HEIGHT BY NOT MORE THAN 1/16".